



Instructions for Use

For the quantitative measurement of PTEN in human cell and tissue extracts.

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

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INTRODUCTION

1. BACKGROUND

Abcam's PTEN *in vitro* SimpleStep ELISA® (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for the quantitative measurement of PTEN protein in human cell and tissue extracts.

The SimpleStep ELISA® employs an affinity tag labeled capture antibody and a reporter conjugated detector antibody which immunocapture the sample analyte in solution. This entire complex (capture antibody/analyte/detector antibody) is in turn immobilized via immunoaffinity of an anti-tag antibody coating the well. To perform the assay, samples or standards are added to the wells, followed by the antibody mix. After incubation, the wells are washed to remove unbound material. TMB substrate is added and during incubation is catalyzed by HRP, generating blue coloration. This reaction is then stopped by addition of Stop Solution completing any color change from blue to yellow. Signal is generated proportionally to the amount of bound analyte and the intensity is measured at 450 nm. Optionally, instead of the endpoint reading, development of TMB can be recorded kinetically at 600 nm.

Phospatase and tensin homolog (PTEN) is a protein phosphatase involved in cell polarization and directed movement, neurogenesis, glucose and metabolism. Its role as a lipid phosphatase is critical for its role in tumor suppression, and mutations in PTEN are associated with the development of many cancers. PTEN is widely expressed and highly conserved among mammals.

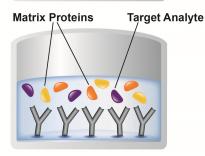
INTRODUCTION

2. ASSAY SUMMARY



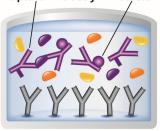


Remove appropriate number of antibody coated well strips. Equilibrate all reagents to room temperature. Prepare all reagents, samples, and standards as instructed.



Add standard or sample to appropriate wells.

Capture Antibody Detector Antibody



Add Antibody Cocktail to all wells. Incubate at room temperature.

Substrate Color Development



Aspirate and wash each well. Add TMB Substrate to each well and incubate. Add Stop Solution at a defined endpoint. Alternatively, record color development kinetically after TMB substrate addition.

3. PRECAUTIONS

Please read these instructions carefully prior to beginning the assay.

All kit components have been formulated and quality control tested to function successfully as a kit. Modifications to the kit components or procedures may result in loss of performance.

4. STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store kit at 2-8°C immediately upon receipt.

Refer to list of materials supplied for storage conditions of individual components. Observe the storage conditions for individual prepared components in the Reagent and Standard Preparation sections.

5. MATERIALS SUPPLIED

ltem	Amount	Storage Condition (Before Preparation)
10X Human PTEN Capture Antibody	600 µL	+2-8°C
10X Human PTEN Detector Antibody	600 µL	+2-8°C
Human PTEN Lyophilized Recombinant Protein	2 Vials	+2-8°C
Antibody Diluent CPR2*	6 mL	+2-8°C
Sample Diluent NS	12 mL	+2-8°C
10X Wash Buffer PT	20 mL	+2-8°C
5X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR	10 mL	+2-8°C
50X Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution	1 mL	+2-8°C
TMB Substrate	12 mL	+2-8°C
Stop Solution	12 mL	+2-8°C
Pre-Coated 96 Well Microplate (12 x 8 well strips)	96 Wells	+2-8°C
Plate Seal	1	+2-8°C

^{*} Note: Antibody Diluent CPR2- This buffer has been reformulated to enhance stability after freeze-thaw cycles while producing data

equivalent to the original formulation of antibody diluent CPR previously used in this kit.

While we run stock down, you may receive kits containing antibody diluent CPR. This does not affect the way you should use the kit.

If you have any questions please contact Abcam Scientific Support.

6. MATERIALS REQUIRED, NOT SUPPLIED

These materials are not included in the kit, but will be required to successfully utilize this assay:

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 or 600 nm.
- Method for determining protein concentration (BCA assay recommended).
- Deionized water.
- PBS (1.4 mM KH2PO4, 8 mM Na2HPO4, 140 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, pH 7.4).
- Multi- and single-channel pipettes.
- Tubes for standard dilution.
- Plate shaker for all incubation steps.
- Phenylmethylsulfonyl Fluoride (PMSF) (or other protease inhibitors).

7. LIMITATIONS

- Assay kit intended for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents or materials from other kit lots or vendors. Kits are QC tested as a set of components and

performance cannot be guaranteed if utilized separately or substituted.

8. TECHNICAL HINTS

- Samples generating values higher than the highest standard should be further diluted in the appropriate sample dilution buffers.
- Avoid foaming or bubbles when mixing or reconstituting components.
- Avoid cross contamination of samples or reagents by changing tips between sample, standard and reagent additions.
- Ensure plates are properly sealed or covered during incubation steps.
- Complete removal of all solutions and buffers during wash steps is necessary to minimize background.
- As a guide, typical ranges of sample concentration for commonly used sample types are shown below in Sample Preparation (section 11).
- All samples should be mixed thoroughly and gently.
- Avoid multiple freeze/thaw of samples.
- Incubate ELISA plates on a plate shaker during all incubation steps.
- When generating positive control samples, it is advisable to change pipette tips after each step.
- The provided 50X Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution may precipitate when stored at + 4°C. To dissolve, warm briefly at + 37°C and mix gently. The 50X Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution can be stored at room temperature to avoid precipitation.
- To avoid high background always add samples or standards to the well before the addition of the antibody cocktail.
- This kit is sold based on number of tests. A 'test' simply refers to a single assay well. The number of wells that contain sample, control or standard will vary by product.

Review the protocol completely to confirm this kit meets your requirements. Please contact our Technical Support staff with any questions.

9. REAGENT PREPARATION

- Equilibrate all reagents to room temperature (18-25°C) prior to use. The kit contains enough reagents for 96 wells. The sample volumes below are sufficient for 48 wells (6 x 8-well strips); adjust volumes as needed for the number of strips in your experiment.
- Prepare only as much reagent as is needed on the day of the experiment. Capture and Detector Antibodies have only been tested for stability in the provided 10X formulations.

9.1 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR

Prepare 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR by diluting 5X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR and 50X Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution to 1X with deionized water. To make 10 mL 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR combine 7.8 mL deionized water, 2 mL 5X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR and 200 µL 50X Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution Mix thoroughly and gently. If required protease inhibitors can be added.

Alternative – Enhancer may be added to 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR after extraction of cells or tissue. Refer to note in the Troubleshooting section.

9.2 1X Wash Buffer PT

Prepare 1X Wash Buffer PT by diluting 10X Wash Buffer PT with deionized water. To make 50 mL 1X Wash Buffer PT combine 5 mL 10X Wash Buffer PT with 45 mL deionized water. Mix thoroughly and gently.

9.3 Antibody Cocktail

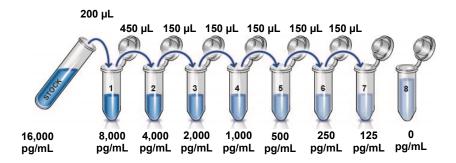
Prepare Antibody Cocktail by diluting the capture and detector antibodies in Antibody Diluent CPR2. To make 3 mL of the Antibody Cocktail combine 300 μ L 10X Capture Antibody and 300 μ L 10X Detector Antibody with 2.4 mL Antibody Diluent CPR2. Mix thoroughly and gently.

10. STANDARD PREPARATION

Prepare serially diluted standards immediately prior to use. Always prepare a fresh set of positive controls for every use.

The following table describes the preparation of a standard curve for duplicate measurements (recommended).

- 10.1 **IMPORTANT:** If the protein standard vial has a volume identified on the label, reconstitute the PTEN standard by adding that volume of 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR indicated on the label. Alternatively, if the vial has a mass identified, reconstitute the PTEN standard by adding 500 μL 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR. Hold at room temperature for 10 minutes and mix gently. This is the 16,000 pg/mL **Stock Standard** Solution.
- 10.2 Label eight tubes, Standards 1–8.
- 10.3 Add 200 μL of 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR into tube number 1 and 150 μL of 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR into numbers 2-8.
- 10.4 Use the Stock Standard to prepare the following dilution series. Standard #8 contains no protein and is the Blank control:



11. SAMPLE PREPARATION

TYPICAL SAMPLE DYNAMIC RANGE		
Sample Type	Range (μg/mL)	
HeLa Extract	15 - 250	
HepG2 Extract	15 - 500	

11.1 Preparation of extracts from cell pellets

- 11.1.1 Collect non-adherent cells by centrifugation or scrape to collect adherent cells from the culture flask. Typical centrifugation conditions for cells are 500 x g for 5 minutes at 4°C.
- 11.1.2 Rinse cells twice with PBS.
- 11.1.3 Solubilize pellet at 2x10⁷ cell/mL in chilled 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR.
- 11.1.4 Incubate on ice for 20 minutes.
- 11.1.5 Centrifuge at 18,000 x g for 20 minutes at 4°C.
- 11.1.6 Transfer the supernatants into clean tubes and discard the pellets.
- 11.1.7 Assay samples immediately or aliquot and store at -80°C. The sample protein concentration in the extract may be quantified using a protein assay.
- 11.1.8 Dilute samples to desired concentration in 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR.

11.2 Preparation of extracts from adherent cells by direct lysis (alternative protocol)

- 11.2.1 Remove growth media and rinse adherent cells 2 times in PBS.
- 11.2.2 Solubilize the cells by addition of chilled 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR directly to the plate (use

- 750 μ L 1.5 mL 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR per confluent 15 cm diameter plate).
- 11.2.3 Scrape the cells into a microfuge tube and incubate the lysate on ice for 15 minutes.
- 11.2.4 Centrifuge at 18,000 x g for 20 minutes at 4°C.
- 11.2.5 Transfer the supernatants into clean tubes and discard the pellets.
- 11.2.6 Assay samples immediately or aliquot and store at -80°C. The sample protein concentration in the extract may be quantified using a protein assay.
- 11.2.7 Dilute samples to desired concentration in 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR.

11.3 Preparation of extracts from tissue homogenates

- 11.3.1 Tissue lysates are typically prepared by homogenization of tissue that is first minced and thoroughly rinsed in PBS to remove blood (dounce homogenizer recommended).
- 11.3.2 Homogenize 100 to 200 mg of wet tissue in $500~\mu L 1~mL$ of chilled 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR. For lower amounts of tissue adjust volumes accordingly.
- 11.3.3 Incubate on ice for 20 minutes.
- 11.3.4 Centrifuge at 18,000 x g for 20 minutes at 4°C.
- 11.3.5 Transfer the supernatants into clean tubes and discard the pellets.
- 11.3.6 Assay samples immediately or aliquot and store at -80°C. The sample protein concentration in the extract may be quantified using a protein assay.
- 11.3.7 Dilute samples to desired concentration in 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR.

12. PLATE PREPARATION

- The 96 well plate strips included with this kit are supplied ready to use. It is not necessary to rinse the plate prior to adding reagents.
- Unused plate strips should be immediately returned to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, resealed and stored at 4°C.
- For each assay performed, a minimum of two wells must be used as the zero control.
- For statistical reasons, we recommend each sample should be assayed with a minimum of two replicates (duplicates).
- Differences in well absorbance or "edge effects" have not been observed with this assay.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

13. ASSAY PROCEDURE

- Equilibrate all materials and prepared reagents to room temperature prior to use.
- It is recommended to assay all standards, controls and samples in duplicate.
 - 13.1 Prepare all reagents, working standards, and samples as directed in the previous sections.
 - 13.2 Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, reseal and return to 4°C storage.
 - 13.3 Add 50 µL of all sample or standard to appropriate wells.
 - 13.4 Add 50 μL of the Antibody Cocktail to each well.
 - 13.5 Seal the plate and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature on a plate shaker set to 400 rpm.
 - 13.6 Wash each well with 3 x 350 μL 1X Wash Buffer PT. Wash by aspirating or decanting from wells then dispensing 350 μL 1X Wash Buffer PT into each well. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels to remove excess liquid.
 - 13.7 Add 100 µL of TMB Development Solution to each well and incubate for 10 minutes in the dark on a plate shaker set to 400 rpm.
 - Given variability in laboratory environmental conditions, optimal incubation time may vary between 5 and 20 minutes. Note: The addition of Stop Solution will change the color from blue to yellow and enhance the signal intensity about 3X. To avoid signal saturation, proceed to the next step before the high concentration of the standard reaches a blue color of O.D.600 equal to 1.0.
 - 13.8 Add 100 µL of Stop Solution to each well. Shake plate on a plate shaker for 1 minute to mix. Record the OD at 450 nm. This is an endpoint reading.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Alternative to 13.7 – 13.8: Instead of the endpoint reading at 450 nm, record the development of TMB Substrate kinetically. Immediately after addition of TMB Development Solution begin recording the blue color development with elapsed time in the microplate reader prepared with the following settings:

Mode:	Kinetic
Wavelength:	600 nm
Time:	up to 20 min
Interval:	20 sec - 1 min
Shaking:	Shake between readings

Note that an endpoint reading can also be recorded at the completion of the kinetic read by adding 100 μ L Stop Solution to each well and recording the OD at 450 nm.

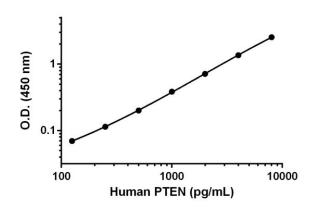
13.9 Analyze the data as described below.

14. CALCULATIONS

- 14.1 Calculate the average absorbance value for the blank control (zero) standards. Subtract the average blank control standard absorbance value from all other absorbance values.
- 14.2 Create a standard curve by plotting the average blank control subtracted absorbance value for each standard concentration (y-axis) against the target protein concentration (x-axis) of the standard. Use graphing software to draw the best smooth curve through these points to construct the standard curve.
 - Note: Most microplate reader software or graphing software will plot these values and fit a curve to the data. A four parameter curve fit (4PL) is often the best choice; however, other algorithms (e.g. linear, semi-log, log/log, 4 parameter logistic) can also be tested to determine if it provides a better curve fit to the standard values.
- 14.3 Determine the concentration of the target protein in the sample by interpolating the blank control subtracted absorbance values against the standard curve. Multiply the resulting value by the appropriate sample dilution factor, if used, to obtain the concentration of target protein in the sample.
- 14.4 Samples generating absorbance values greater than that of the highest standard should be further diluted and reanalyzed. Similarly, samples which measure at an absorbance values less than that of the lowest standard should be retested in a less dilute form.

15. TYPICAL DATA

TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE – Data provided for **demonstration purposes only**. A new standard curve must be generated for each assay performed.



Standard Curve Measurements			
Conc.	O.D. 450 nm		Mean
(pg/mL)	1	2	O.D.
0	0.06	0.06	0.06
125	0.13	0.13	0.13
250	0.17	0.18	0.18
500	0.26	0.26	0.26
1,000	0.47	0.42	0.45
2,000	0.77	0.78	0.77
4,000	1.39	1.47	1.43
8,000	2.55	2.66	2.60

Figure 1. Example of human PTEN standard curve. The PTEN standard curve was prepared as described in Section 10. Raw data values are shown in the table. Background-subtracted data values (mean +/- SD) are graphed.

16. TYPICAL SAMPLE VALUES

SENSITIVITY -

The calculated minimal detectable dose (MDD) is 39.9 pg/mL. The MDD was determined by calculating the mean of zero standard replicates (n=25) and adding 2 standard deviations then extrapolating the corresponding concentration.

RECOVERY -

Three concentrations of human PTEN protein were spiked in duplicate to the indicated biological matrix to evaluate signal recovery in the working range of the assay.

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range (%)
16 μg/mL HeLa lysate	106	104-110

LINEARITY OF DILUTION -

Linearity of dilution is determined based on interpolated values from the standard curve. Linearity of dilution defines a sample concentration interval in which interpolated target concentrations are directly proportional to sample dilution.

Native PTEN was measured in the following biological samples in a 2-fold dilution series. Sample dilutions are made in 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR.

Dilution Factor	Interpolated value	250 μg/mL HeLa extract	500 μg/mL HepG2 extract
Undiluted	pg/mL	4,992	2,685
Unanatea	% Expected value	100	100
2	pg/mL	2,664	1,485
2	% Expected value	107	111
4	pg/mL	1,293	715
4	% Expected value	104	107
8	pg/mL	661	359
% Expected value 106	106	107	
16	pg/mL	337	164
16	% Expected value	108	98

PRECISION -

Mean coefficient of variations of interpolated values from 3 concentrations of PTEN within the working range of the assay.

	Intra- Assay	Inter- Assay
n=	5	3
CV (%)	3.7	7.7

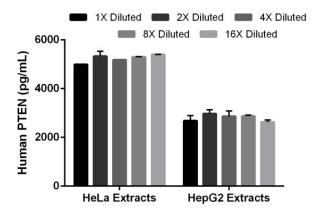


Figure 2. Titration of HeLa and HepG2 extracts within the working range of the assay. Background-subtracted data values (mean +/- SD, n = 2 are graphed. Undiluted HeLa lysate is at 250 μ g/mL. Undiluted HepG2 lysate is at 500 μ g/mL.

17. ASSAY SPECIFICITY

This kit recognizes both native and recombinant human PTEN protein in cell and tissue extract samples only.

Serum, plasma and cell culture supernatant samples have not been tested with this kit.

18. SPECIES REACTIVITY

Mouse and rat PTEN have 99% sequence homology with human PTEN. This kit recognizes native mouse and rat PTEN protein in cell and tissue extracts.

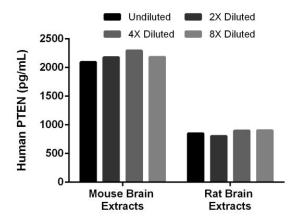


Figure 3. Rat and mouse brain extracts were prepared as described in the Sample Preparation section and diluted 2-fold in 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR and assayed for cross reactivity. Interpolated values from the human PTEN protein standard are graphed. Undiluted mouse brain extract is at 62.5 μ g/mL. Undiluted rat brain extract is at 125 μ g/mL.

Please contact our Technical Support team for more information

RESOURCES

19. **TROUBLESHOOTING**

Problem	Cause	Solution
Difficulty pipetting lysate; viscous lysate.	Genomic DNA solubilized	Prepare 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR (without enhancer). Add enhancer to lysate after extraction.
	Inaccurate Pipetting	Check pipettes
Poor standard curve	Improper standard dilution	Prior to opening, briefly spin the stock standard tube and dissolve the powder thoroughly by gentle mixing
	Incubation times too brief	Ensure sufficient incubation times; increase to 2 or 3 hour standard/sample incubation
Low Signal	Inadequate reagent volumes or improper dilution	Check pipettes and ensure correct preparation
	Incubation times with TMB too brief	Ensure sufficient incubation time until blue color develops prior addition of Stop solution
Large CV	Plate is insufficiently washed	Review manual for proper wash technique. If using a plate washer, check all ports for obstructions.
	Contaminated wash buffer	Prepare fresh wash buffer
Low sensitivity	Improper storage of the ELISA kit	Store your reconstituted standards at -80°C, all other assay components 4°C. Keep TMB substrate solution protected from light.
Precipitate in Diluent	Precipitation and/or coagulation of components within the Diluent.	Precipitate can be removed by gently warming the Diluent to 37°C.

RESOURCES

20. **NOTES**

RESOURCES

Technical Support

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