ab210966 – Human Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 SimpleStep ELISA® Kit

For the quantitative measurement of Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 in human serum, plasma (citrate), plasma (EDTA), plasma (heparin), cell culture supernatant, cell extract, and tissue extract.
For research use only - not intended for diagnostic use.

This kit is available in a 384-well plate format. This plate utilises smaller volumes of standards and samples per well. Directions for using this format can be found on pages 6-7.

Storage and Stability: Store kit at 2-8°C immediately upon receipt. Refer to list of materials supplied for storage conditions of individual components. Observe the storage conditions for individual prepared components in the Standard Preparation and Reagent preparation sections.

Materials Supplied

Item	Quantity 1 x 96 tests	Quantity 10 x 96 tests	Storage Condition
Human Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 Capture Antibody 10X	600 µL	10 x 600 µL	+4°C
Human Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 Detector Antibody 10X	600 µL	10 x 600 µL	+4°C
Human Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 Lyophilized Recombinant Protein	2 Vials	10 x2 Vials	+4°C
Antibody Diluent CPI2	6 mL	10 x 6 mL	+4°C
Cell Extraction Buffer PTR 5X	10 mL	2 x 50 mL	+4°C
Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution 50X	1 mL	10 x 1 mL	+4°C
Sample Diluent NS	50 mL	2 x 250 mL	+4°C
Wash Buffer PT 10X	20 mL	200 mL	+4°C
TMB Development Solution	12 mL	120 mL	+4°C
Stop Solution	12 mL	120 mL	+4°C
SimpleStep Pre-Coated 96-Well Microplate	96 wells	10 x 96 wells	+4°C
Plate Seal	1	10	+4°C

Note: Antibody Diluent CPI2- This buffer has been reformulated to enhance stability after freeze-thaw cycles while producing data equivalent to the original formulation of antibody diluent CPI previously used in this kit. While we run stock down, you may receive kits containing antibody diluent CPI. This does not affect the way you should use the kit. If you have any questions, please contact Abcam Scientific Support.

Materials Required, Not Supplied

These materials are not included in the kit, but will be required to successfully utilize this assay:

Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 or 600 nm.
Method for determining protein concentration (BCA assay recommended).
Deionized water.
Multi- and single-channel pipettes.
Tubes for standard dilution.
Plate shaker for all incubation steps.
Optional: Phenylmethylsulfonyl Fluoride (PMSF) (or other protease inhibitors).

Reagent Preparation

Equilibrate all reagents to room temperature (18-25°C) prior to use. The kit contains enough reagents for 96 wells. The sample volumes below are sufficient for 48 wells (6 x 8-well strips); adjust volumes as needed for the number of strips in your experiment.

Prepare only as much reagent as is needed on the day of the experiment. Capture and Detector Antibodies have only been tested for stability in the provided 10X formulations.

The provided Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution 50X may precipitate when stored at + 4°C. To dissolve, warm briefly at + 37°C and mix gently. The Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution 50X can be stored at room temperature to avoid precipitation.

1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR (For cell and tissue extracts only): Prepare 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR by diluting Cell Extraction Buffer PTR 5X and 50X Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution to 1X with deionized water. To make 10 mL 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR combine 7.8 mL deionized water, 2 mL Cell Extraction Buffer PTR 5X and 200 µL Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution 50X. Mix thoroughly and gently. If required protease inhibitors can be added. If the lysate is viscous and difficult to pipette due to solubilized genomic DNA: Prepare 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR (without enhancer). Add enhancer to lysate after extraction.

1X Wash Buffer PT: Prepare 1X Wash Buffer PT by diluting Wash Buffer PT 10X with deionized water. To make 50 mL 1X Wash Buffer PT combine 5 mL Wash Buffer PT 10X with 45 mL deionized water. Mix thoroughly and gently.

Antibody Cocktail: Prepare Antibody Cocktail by diluting the capture and detector antibodies in Antibody Diluent CPI2. To make 3 mL of the Antibody Cocktail combine 300 µL 10X Capture Antibody and 300 µL 10X Detector Antibody with 2.4 mL Antibody Diluent CPI2. Mix thoroughly and gently.

Standard Preparation

Always prepare a fresh set of standards for every use. Discard working standard dilutions after use as they do not store well. The following section describes the preparation of a standard curve for duplicate measurements (recommended).

IMPORTANT: If the protein standard vial has a volume identified on the label, reconstitute the Pro-Collagen I alpha standard by adding that volume of Diluent indicated on the label. Alternatively, if the vial has a mass identified, reconstitute the Pro-Collagen I alpha standard by adding 1 mL Diluent. Hold at room temperature for 10 minutes and mix gently. This is the 31,250 pg/mL **Stock Standard** Solution.

For **serum, plasma, and cell culture supernatant** samples:

1. Reconstitute the Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 standard by adding Sample Diluent NS.
2. Label eight tubes, Standards 1– 8.
3. Add 468 µL of Sample Diluent NS into tube number 1 and 150 µL of Sample Diluent NS into numbers 2-8.
4. Use the **Stock Standard** to prepare the following dilution series. Standard #8 contains no protein and is the Blank control:

Standard #	Dilution Sample	Volume to Dilute (µL)	Volume of Diluent (µL)	Starting Conc. (pg/mL)	Final Conc. (pg/mL)
1	**Stock Standard**	32	468	31,250	2,000
2	Standard#1	150	150	2,000	1,000
3	Standard#2	150	150	1,000	500
4	Standard#3	150	150	500	250
5	Standard#4	150	150	250	125
6	Standard#5	150	150	125	62.50
7	Standard#6	150	150	62.50	31.25
8	Blank Control	0	150	0	0

For **cell and tissue extract** samples:

1. Reconstitute the Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 standard by adding 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR.
2. Label eight tubes, Standards 1– 8.
3. Add 460 µL of 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR into tube number 1 and 150 µL of 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR into numbers 2-8.
4. Use the **Stock Standard** to prepare the following dilution series. Standard #8 contains no protein and is the Blank control:

Standard #	Dilution Sample	Volume to Dilute (µL)	Volume of Diluent (µL)	Starting Conc. (pg/mL)	Final Conc. (pg/mL)
1	**Stock Standard**	40	460	31,250	2,500
2	Standard#1	150	150	2,500	1,250
3	Standard#2	150	150	1,250	625
4	Standard#3	150	150	625	312.5
5	Standard#4	150	150	312.5	156.25
6	Standard#5	150	150	156.25	78.13
7	Standard#6	150	150	78.13	39.06
8	Blank Control	0	150	0	0

Sample Preparation

Typical Sample Dynamic Range	
Sample Type	**Range**
Human Serum	1:1,600 – 1:100
Human Plasma – Citrate	1:1,600 – 1:100
Human Plasma – EDTA	1:1,600 – 1:100
Human Plasma – Heparin	1:1,600 – 1:100
Cell Culture Media*	≤ 25%
IMR-90 Cell Extract	0.125 – 2 µg/mL

*Based on spiked sample

Serum Samples should be collected into a serum separator tube. After clot formation, centrifuge samples at 2,000 x g for 10 minutes and collect serum. Dilute samples at least 1:100 into Sample Diluent NS and assay. Store un-diluted serum at -20°C or below. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma Collect plasma using citrate, EDTA or heparin. Centrifuge samples at 2,000 x g for 10 minutes. Dilute samples at least 1:100 into Sample Diluent NS and assay. Store un-diluted plasma samples at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Cell Culture Supernatants Centrifuge cell culture media at 2,000 x g for 10 minutes to remove debris. Collect supernatants. Dilute samples at least 1:4 into Sample Diluent NS and assay. Store un-diluted samples at -20°C or below. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Preparation of extracts from cell pellets Collect non-adherent cells by centrifugation or scrape to collect adherent cells from the culture flask. Typical centrifugation conditions for cells are 500 x g for 5 minutes at 4°C. Rinse cells twice with PBS. Solubilize pellet at $2x10^7$ cell/mL in chilled 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR. Incubate on ice for 20 minutes. Centrifuge at 18,000 x g for 20 minutes at 4°C. Transfer the supernatants into clean tubes and discard the pellets. Assay samples immediately or aliquot and store at -80°C. The sample protein concentration in the extract may be quantified using a protein assay. Dilute samples to desired concentration in 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR.

Preparation of extracts from adherent cells by direct lysis (alternative protocol) Remove growth media and rinse adherent cells 2 times in PBS. Solubilize the cells by addition of chilled 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR directly to the plate (use 750 µL - 1.5 mL 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR per confluent 15 cm diameter plate). Scrape the cells into a microfuge tube and incubate the lysate on ice for 15 minutes. Centrifuge at 18,000 x g for 20 minutes at 4°C. Transfer the supernatants into clean tubes and discard the pellets. Assay samples immediately or aliquot and store at -80°C. The sample protein concentration in the extract may be quantified using a protein assay. Dilute samples to desired concentration in 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR.

Preparation of extracts from tissue homogenates Tissue lysates are typically prepared by homogenization of tissue that is first minced and thoroughly rinsed in PBS to remove blood (dounce homogenizer recommended). Homogenize 100 to 200 mg of wet tissue in 500 µL – 1 mL of chilled 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR. For lower amounts of tissue adjust volumes accordingly. Incubate on ice for 20 minutes. Centrifuge at 18,000 x g for 20 minutes at 4°C. Transfer the supernatants into clean tubes and discard the pellets. Assay samples immediately or aliquot and store at -80°C. The sample protein concentration in the extract may be quantified using a protein assay. Dilute samples to desired concentration in 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR.

Plate Preparation

The 96 well plate strips included with this kit are supplied ready to use. It is not necessary to rinse the plate prior to adding reagents.
Unused plate strips should be immediately returned to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, resealed and stored at 4°C.
For each assay performed, a minimum of two wells must be used as the zero control.
For statistical reasons, we recommend each sample should be assayed with a minimum of two replicates (duplicates).
Differences in well absorbance or "edge effects" have not been observed with this assay.

Assay Procedure

Equilibrate all materials and prepared reagents to room temperature prior to use.
We recommend that you assay all standards, controls and samples in duplicate.

1. Prepare all reagents, working standards, and samples as directed in the previous sections.
2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, reseal and return to 4°C storage.
3. Add 50 µL of all sample or standard to appropriate wells.
4. Add 50 µL of the Antibody Cocktail to each well.
5. Seal the plate and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature on a plate shaker set to 400 rpm.
6. Wash each well with 3 x 350 µL 1X Wash Buffer PT. Wash by aspirating or decanting from wells then dispensing 350 µL 1X Wash Buffer PT into each well. Wash Buffer PT should remain in wells for at least 10 seconds. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash invert the plate and tap gently against clean paper towels to remove excess liquid.
7. Add 100 µL of TMB Development Solution to each well and incubate for 10 minutes in the dark on a plate shaker set to 400 rpm.
   Given variability in laboratory environmental conditions, optimal incubation time may vary between 5 and 20 minutes.
   Note: The addition of Stop Solution will change the color from blue to yellow and enhance the signal intensity about 3X. To avoid signal saturation, proceed to the next step before the high concentration of the standard reaches a blue color of O.D.600 equal to 1.0.
8. Add 100 µL of Stop Solution to each well. Shake plate on a plate shaker for 1 minute to mix. Record the OD at 450 nm. This is an endpoint reading.
9. Alternative to 7 – 8: Instead of the endpoint reading at 450 nm, record the development of TMB Substrate kinetically. Immediately after addition of TMB Development Solution begin recording the blue color development with elapsed time in the microplate reader prepared with the following settings:

Mode	Kinetic
Wavelength:	600 nm
Time:	up to 20 min
Interval:	20 sec - 1 min
Shaking:	Shake between readings

Note that an endpoint reading can also be recorded at the completion of the kinetic read by adding 100 µL Stop Solution to each well and recording the OD at 450 nm.

Download our ELISA guide for technical hints, results, calculation, and troubleshooting tips:
https://www.abcam.com/en-us/technical-resources/guides/elisa-guide

For technical support contact information, visit: https://www.abcam.com/en-us/contact-us

https://www.abcam.cn/contact-us (China)

https://www.abcam.co.jp/contact-us (Japan)

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Additional information

ASSAY SPECIFICITY

This kit is designed for the quantification of human Pro-Collagen I alpha 1. The antibodies in the kit were designed against the N-terminal pro-peptide.

Native signal was detected in serum, plasma (citrate), plasma (EDTA), plasma (heparin), and cell extract sample types.

Spiked protein experiments were used to validate cell culture supernatant sample types.

Urine, saliva, milk, CSF, and tissue extract samples have not been tested with this kit.

SPECIES REACTIVITY

Other species reactivity was determined by measuring 1:100 serum samples of various species, interpolating the protein concentrations from the human standard curve, and expressing the interpolated concentrations as a percentage of the protein concentration in human serum assayed at the same dilution.

Reactivity < 3% was determined for the following species: Mouse, Rat, Cow

Other species reactivity not determined.

CALCULATION

- Calculate the average absorbance value for the blank control (zero) standards. Subtract the average blank control standard absorbance value from all other absorbance values.
- Create a standard curve by plotting the average blank control subtracted absorbance value for each standard concentration (y-axis) against the target protein concentration (x-axis) of the standard. Use graphing software to draw the best smooth curve through these points to construct the standard curve.

  Δ Note: Most microplate reader software or graphing software will plot these values and fit a curve to the data. A four-parameter curve fit (4PL) is often the best choice; however, other algorithms (e.g., linear, semi-log, log/log, 4-parameter logistic) can also be tested to determine if it provides a better curve fit to the standard values.
- Determine the concentration of the target protein in the sample by interpolating the blank control subtracted absorbance values against the standard curve. Multiply the resulting value by the appropriate sample dilution factor, if used, to obtain the concentration of target protein in the sample.
- Samples generating absorbance values greater than that of the highest standard should be further diluted and reanalyzed. Similarly, samples which measure at absorbance values less than that of the lowest standard should be retested in a less dilute form.

TYPICAL DATA

Typical standard curve – data provided for demonstration purposes only. A new standard curve must be generated for each assay performed.

Standard Curve Measurements			
Concentration (pg/mL)	O.D. 450 nm		Mean O.D.
	1	2	
0	0.051	0.053	0.052
31.25	0.098	0.098	0.098
62.5	0.149	0.143	0.146
125	0.251	0.240	0.245
250	0.442	0.436	0.439
500	0.840	0.827	0.833
1,000	1.635	1.568	1.602
2,000	3.110	2.996	3.053

Table 1. Example of human Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 standard curve in Sample Diluent NS. The Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 standard curve was prepared as described in the Standard Preparation section. The table shows raw data values.

Standard Curve Measurements			
Concentration (pg/mL)	O.D. 450 nm		Mean O.D.
	1	2	
0	0.053	0.057	0.055
39.06	0.104	0.105	0.104
78.13	0.160	0.163	0.161
156.25	0.272	0.273	0.273
312.5	0.511	0.524	0.517
625	0.946	0.955	0.950
1,250	1.858	1.905	1.881
2,500	3.385	3.407	3.396

Table 2. Example of human Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 standard curve in 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR. The Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 standard curve was prepared as described in the Standard Preparation section. The table shows raw data values.

TYPICAL SAMPLE VALUES

Sensitivity:

The minimal detectable dose (MDD) was determined by calculating the mean of zero standard replicates and adding 2 standard deviations then extrapolating the corresponding concentration.

Sample Diluent Buffer	N=	Minimal Detectable Dose
Sample Diluent NS	24	5.6 pg/mL
1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR	24	5.3 pg/mL

Recovery

Three concentrations of Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 were spiked into the indicated biological matrix to evaluate signal recovery in the working range of the assay.

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range (%)
Human Serum (1:200)	93	91 - 94
Human Plasma – Citrate (1:200)	106	102 - 110
Human Plasma – EDTA (1:200)	108	105 - 114
Human Plasma – Heparin (1:200)	101	94 - 107
Cell Culture Media (25%)*	99	97 - 101

*Media is RPMI 1640 without 10% fetal bovine serum.

Linearity of Dilution

Linearity of dilution is determined based on interpolated values from the standard curve. Linearity of dilution defines a sample concentration interval in which interpolated target concentrations are directly proportional to sample dilution.

Native Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 was measured in the following biological samples in a 2-fold dilution series. Sample dilutions are made in Sample Diluent NS.

Dilution Factor	Interpolated value	1:100 Human Serum	1:100 Human Plasma (Citrate)	1:100 Human Plasma (EDTA)	1:100 Human Plasma (Heparin)
Undiluted	pg/mL	1,635.4	1,538.2	1,225.6	1,125.3
	% Expected value	100	100	100	100
2	pg/mL	713.1	679.0	555.7	514.1
	% Expected value	87	88	91	91
4	pg/mL	329.6	316.7	264.4	237.7
	% Expected value	81	82	86	84
8	pg/mL	167.1	162.1	138.3	124.6
	% Expected value	82	84	90	89
16	pg/mL	86.9	83.4	68.9	62.6
	% Expected value	85	87	90	89

Recombinant Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 was spiked into the following biological samples and then diluted in a 2-fold dilution series. Sample dilutions are made in Sample Diluent NS.

Dilution Factor	Interpolated value	25% Cell Culture Media
Undiluted	pg/mL	1,043.8
	% Expected value	100
2	pg/mL	522.4
	% Expected value	100
4	pg/mL	259.1
	% Expected value	99
8	pg/mL	129.6
	% Expected value	99
16	pg/mL	65.8
	% Expected value	101

Native Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 was measured in the following biological samples in a 2-fold dilution series. Sample dilutions are made in 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR.

Dilution Factor	Interpolated value	2 µg/mL IMR-90 Extract
Undiluted	pg/mL	1,612.4
	% Expected value	100
2	pg/mL	808.7
	% Expected value	100
4	pg/mL	402.2
	% Expected value	100
8	pg/mL	205.0
	% Expected value	102
16	pg/mL	101.7
	% Expected value	101

Precision

Mean coefficient of variations of interpolated values of Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 from three concentrations of human serum within the working range of the assay.

	Intra-assay	Inter-assay
N=	8	3
CV (%)	1.8	3.0

DIRECTIONS FOR 384-WELL PLATE FORMAT:

Materials Supplied for 384-well Format

Item	Quantity	Storage Condition
Human Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 Capture Antibody 10X	600 µL	+4°C
Human Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 Detector Antibody 10X	600 µL	+4°C
Human Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 Lyophilized Recombinant Protein	2 Vials	+4°C
Antibody Diluent CPI2	6 mL	+4°C
Cell Extraction Buffer PTR 5X	50 mL	+4°C
Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution 50X	6 x 1 mL	+4°C
Sample Diluent NS	250 mL	+4°C
Wash Buffer PT 10X	20 mL	+4°C
TMB Development Solution	2 x 12 mL	+4°C
Stop Solution	2 x 12 mL	+4°C
SimpleStep Pre-Coated 384-Well Microplate	384 wells	+4°C
Plate Seal	1	+4°C

Materials Required, Not Supplied

These materials are not included in the kit, but will be required to successfully utilize this assay:

Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 or 600 nm in a 384-well plate.
Method for determining protein concentration (BCA assay recommended).
Deionized water.
Multi- and single-channel pipettes.
Tubes for standard dilution.
Plate shaker for all incubation steps.
Optional: Phenylmethylsulfonyl Fluoride (PMSF) (or other protease inhibitors).
Optional: Automated liquid handler.

Reagent Preparation

Equilibrate all reagents to room temperature (18-25°C) prior to use. The kit contains enough reagents for one full plate. The sample volumes below are sufficient for running all 384 wells; adjust volumes as needed for the number of samples and dilution scheme for your experiment.

Prepare only as much reagent as is needed on the day of the experiment. Capture and Detector Antibodies have only been tested for stability in the provided 10X formulations.

The provided Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution 50X may precipitate when stored at + 4°C. To dissolve, warm briefly at + 37°C and mix gently. The Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution 50X can be stored at room temperature to avoid precipitation.

1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR (For cell and tissue extracts only): Prepare 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR by diluting Cell Extraction Buffer PTR 5X and 50X Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution to 1X with deionized water. To make 250 mL 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR combine 195 mL deionized water, 50 mL Cell Extraction Buffer PTR 5X and 5 mL Cell Extraction Enhancer Solution 50X. Mix thoroughly and gently. If required protease inhibitors can be added.

1X Wash Buffer PT: Prepare 1X Wash Buffer PT by diluting Wash Buffer PT 10X with deionized water. To make 50 mL 1X Wash Buffer PT combine 5 mL Wash Buffer PT 10X with 45 mL deionized water. Mix thoroughly and gently.

Antibody Cocktail: Prepare Antibody Cocktail by diluting the capture and detector antibodies in Antibody Diluent CPI2. To make 6 mL of the Antibody Cocktail combine 600 µL 10X Capture Antibody and 600 µL 10X Detector Antibody with 4.8 mL Antibody Diluent CPI2. Mix thoroughly and gently.

Standard Preparation

Always prepare a fresh set of standards for every use. Discard working standard dilutions after use as they do not store well. The following section describes the preparation of a standard curve for duplicate measurements (recommended).

IMPORTANT: If the protein standard vial has a volume identified on the label, reconstitute the Pro-Collagen I alpha standard by adding that volume of Diluent indicated on the label. Alternatively, if the vial has a mass identified, reconstitute the Pro-Collagen I alpha standard by adding 1 mL Diluent. Hold at room temperature for 10 minutes and mix gently. This is the 31,250 pg/mL **Stock Standard** Solution.

For **serum, plasma, and cell culture supernatant** samples:

1. Reconstitute the Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 standard by adding Sample Diluent NS.
2. Label eight tubes, Standards 1– 8.
3. Add 234 µL of Sample Diluent NS into tube number 1 and 75 µL of Sample Diluent NS into numbers 2-8.
4. Use the **Stock Standard** to prepare the following dilution series. Standard #8 contains no protein and is the Blank control:

Standard #	Dilution Sample	Volume to Dilute (µL)	Volume of Diluent (µL)	Starting Conc. (pg/mL)	Final Conc. (pg/mL)
1	**Stock Standard**	16	234	31,250	2,000
2	Standard#1	75	75	2,000	1,000
3	Standard#2	75	75	1,000	500
4	Standard#3	75	75	500	250
5	Standard#4	75	75	250	125
6	Standard#5	75	75	125	62.50
7	Standard#6	75	75	62.50	31.25
8	Blank Control	0	75	0	0

For **cell and tissue extract** samples:

1. Reconstitute the Pro-Collagen I alpha 1 standard by adding 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR.
2. Label eight tubes, Standards 1– 8.
3. Add 230 µL of 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR into tube number 1 and 75 µL of 1X Cell Extraction Buffer PTR into numbers 2-8.
4. Use the **Stock Standard** to prepare the following dilution series. Standard #8 contains no protein and is the Blank control:

Standard #	Dilution Sample	Volume to Dilute (µL)	Volume of Diluent (µL)	Starting Conc. (pg/mL)	Final Conc. (pg/mL)
1	**Stock Standard**	20	230	31,250	2,500
2	Standard#1	75	75	2,500	1,250
3	Standard#2	75	75	1,250	625
4	Standard#3	75	75	625	312.5
5	Standard#4	75	75	312.5	156.25
6	Standard#5	75	75	156.25	78.13
7	Standard#6	75	75	78.13	39.06
8	Blank Control	0	75	0	0

Plate Preparation

The 384-well plate included with this kit are supplied ready to use. It is not necessary to rinse the plate prior to adding reagents.
For each assay performed, a minimum of two wells must be used as the zero control.
For statistical reasons, we recommend each sample should be assayed with a minimum of two replicates (duplicates).
Differences in well absorbance or "edge effects" have not been observed with this assay.

Assay Procedure for 384-well Plate Format

Equilibrate all materials and prepared reagents to room temperature prior to use.
We recommend that you assay all standards, controls and samples in duplicate.

1. Prepare all reagents, working standards, and samples as directed in the previous sections.
2. Add 12.5 µL of all sample or standard to appropriate wells.
3. Add 12.5 µL of the Antibody Cocktail to each well.
4. Seal the plate and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature on a plate shaker set to 700 rpm.
5. Wash each well with 3 x 100 µL 1X Wash Buffer PT. Wash by aspirating or decanting from wells then dispensing 100 µL 1X Wash Buffer PT into each well. Wash Buffer PT should remain in wells for at least 10 seconds. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash invert the plate and tap gently against clean paper towels to remove excess liquid.
6. Add 25 µL of TMB Development Solution to each well and incubate for 10 minutes in the dark on a plate shaker set to 700 rpm.
   Given variability in laboratory environmental conditions, optimal incubation time may vary between 5 and 20 minutes.
   Note: The addition of Stop Solution will change the color from blue to yellow and enhance the signal intensity about 3X. To avoid signal saturation, proceed to the next step before the high concentration of the standard reaches a blue color of O.D.600 equal to 1.0.
7. Add 25 µL of Stop Solution to each well. Shake plate on a plate shaker for 1 minute to mix. Record the OD at 450 nm. This is an endpoint reading. Proper mixing of the Stop Solution is required for proper measurement.
8. Alternative to 6 – 7: Instead of the endpoint reading at 450 nm, record the development of TMB Substrate kinetically. Immediately after addition of TMB Development Solution begin recording the blue color development with elapsed time in the microplate reader prepared with the following settings:

Mode	Kinetic
Wavelength:	600 nm
Time:	up to 20 min
Interval:	20 sec – 1 min
Shaking:	Shake between readings

Note that an endpoint reading can also be recorded at the completion of the kinetic read by adding 25 µL Stop Solution to each well and recording the OD at 450 nm.

Download our ELISA guide for technical hints, results, calculation, and troubleshooting tips:
https://www.abcam.com/en-us/technical-resources/guides/elisa-guide

For technical support contact information, visit: https://www.abcam.com/en-us/contact-us

https://www.abcam.cn/contact-us (China)

https://www.abcam.co.jp/contact-us (Japan)

Version 5a | 2026-07-08