# ab322029 - Mouse Naïve CD4+ T Cell Isolation Kit

For cell-based quantitative measurement of Mouse Naïve CD4+ T Cells. Isolate untouched Naïve CD4+ T cells from mouse splenocytes via Buoyancy Activated Cell Sorting (BACS). This kit can be used to target and remove non-naïve CD4+ T cells with antibodies recognizing CD8a, CD11b, CD11c, CD19, CD24, CD25, CD44, CD49b, CD105, Gr1, Ter119, and TCRγδ. Isolated naïve CD4+ T cells are suitable for flow cytometry, molecular assays, activation and expansion, cell culture, and other functional studies. Processing capacity 1 x 10° cells.

For research use only - not intended for diagnostic use.

For overview, typical data and additional information please visit: http://www.abcam.com/ab322029

# Storage and Stability:

The entire kit can be stored at 4°C from the date of shipment. For prepared reagent storage, see table below.

## **Materials Supplied**

Item	Quantity	Storage Condition	Format		
BACS™ Streptavidin Microbubbles	10.5 mL	4°C	In buffer with 0.09% sodium azide.		
Mouse Naïve CD4+ T Cell Biotin Antibody Cocktail	1050 μL	4°C	Monoclonal antibodies in PBS with sodium azide.		
Separation Buffer	200 mL	4°C	Ca <sup>2+</sup> and Mg <sup>2+</sup> —free PBS containing 2 mM EDTA and 0.5% biotin-free BSA.		
5 mL Tubes	20 vials	4°C	Bag of tubes		

### Materials Required, Not Supplied

These materials are not included in the kit, but will be required to successfully utilize this assay:

- 20 rpm tube rotator for mixing
- Centrifuge (swinging bucket rotor strongly preferred)
- Vacuum aspirator
- 30 µm cell strainer (optional)

#### **Before Starting:**

- This protocol has been optimized for splenocytes as the starting material.
- For optimal results, homogenize mouse spleens and lyse red blood cells in the sample prior to separation.
- Separation Buffer is azide-free. Cell isolation should be conducted under aseptic conditions
- For optimal results, prior to cell separation, filter samples through a 30 µm cell strainer to obtain a single-cell suspension.
- This protocol is designed for starting samples containing  $1 \times 10^7 24 \times 10^7$  total cells. Samples with >  $24 \times 10^7$  should be divided across multiple tubes.

#### **Experimental Setup:**

Samp Size		Tube Size	Sample Volume (Step 2)	Antibody Cocktail (Step 4)	BACS™ Microbubbles (Step 6)	Final Volume (Step 7)
(1x10 <sup>7</sup> c	cells)	-	per (1x10 <sup>7</sup> cells)	per (1x10 <sup>7</sup> cells)	per (1x10 <sup>7</sup> cells)	Separation Buffer
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1 - 7	<i>'</i>	1.5 mL	30 µL	10 µL	100 µL	Fill to 1.2 mL
> 7 - 2	24	5.0 mL	30 µL	10 μL	100 μL	Fill to 4.0 mL

#### Prepare Cells:

- 1. Count and wash cells.
- 2. Resuspend cell pellet in 30  $\mu$ L of Separation Buffer per 1 x 10 $^7$  cells, as indicated in the table above.
- 3. Transfer cell suspension to a 1.5 or 5 mL tube, as indicated in the table above. Divide or aliquot sample to be within the cell number ranges indicated in the table above.

#### Label Cells:

 Add 10 µL of Mouse Naïve CD4+ T Cell Biotin Antibody Cocktail per 1 x 10<sup>7</sup> total cells as indicated in the table above. Gently mix samples and incubate for 10 min at room temperature (or at 4°C)

### Bind BACS™ Microbubbles:

- 5. Resuspend BACS™ Microbubbles by pipetting or inverting by hand. Note: It is critical that BACS™ Microbubbles are thoroughly resuspended immediately prior to addition to each sample. Resuspension can be achieved by pipetting with a 1 mL pipette 2-3 times, followed by inverting multiple times to create a homogeneous suspension.
- 6. Add 100  $\mu$ L of BACS<sup>TM</sup> Microbubbles per 1 x 10 $^7$  total cells to the labelled sample as indicated in the table above.
- 7. Add Separation Buffer to achieve a final volume of 1.2 or 4.0 mL, as indicated in the table above.
- 8. Mix samples on a rotator at 20 rpm for 10 min at room temperature (or at 4°C).

#### Separate Cells:

- Centrifuge samples at 400 x g for 5 min.
   Note: A swinging bucket rotor centrifuge is recommended.
- Vacuum aspirate the BACS<sup>TM</sup> Microbubble layer and supernatant, taking care not to disturb the cell pellet. Once BACS<sup>TM</sup> Microbubbles have been aspirated, the supernatant may be removed by pipette.
- 11. Resuspend cell pellet in desired buffer or media and transfer to clean tube.

For technical support contact information, visit: www.abcam.com/contactus

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